

# *QR Code Mobile Applications*

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## International member bodies

**ISO/IEC JTC1 SC31**

**ISO/IEC JTC1 SC37**

**ISO TC20 WG13**

**ISO TC104 SC4 WG2**

**ISO TC122 WG4**

**ISO TC122 WG7**

**ISO TC122 WG10**

**ISO TC122/TC104 JWG**

**ISO TC204 WG4**

**ISO TC204 WG7.2**

## Japan Member bodies

**ISO/IEC JTC1**

**ISO/IEC JTC1 SC31 Chairman**

**JEITA AIDC Committee**

**Chairman**

**JEITA RFID Expert Group**

**Chairman**

**JEITA RFID Committee**

**JAISA R&D Centre Director**

**GS1, EPC Global**

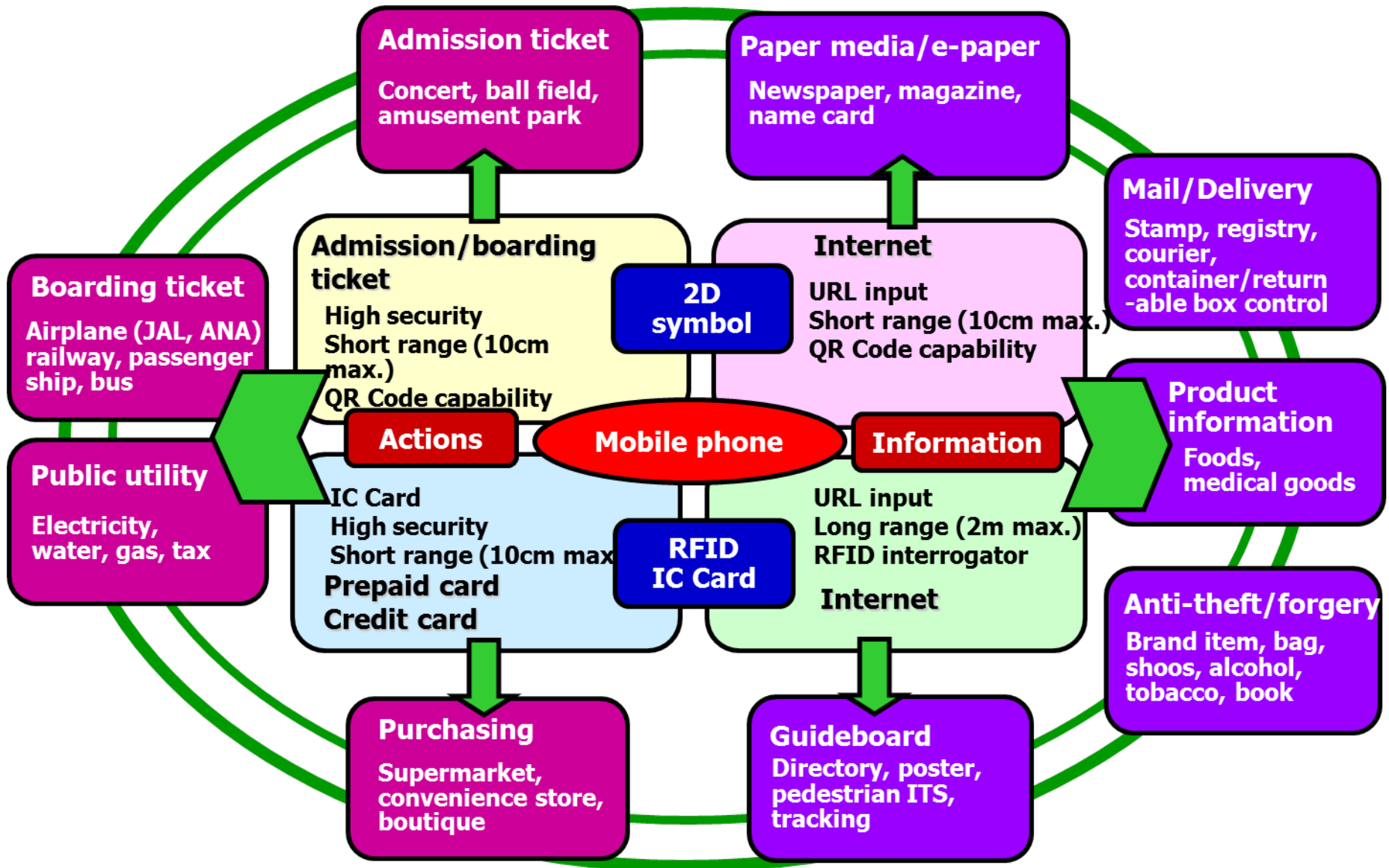
## United State Member bodies

**US TAG To ISO/IEC JTC1 SC31**

**ASC MH10/SC8**

**JEITA: Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association**

**JAISA: Japan Automatic Identification Systems Association**



# Mobile Data Carrier Applications (2)



Food Tracing Information



Movie Information Providing



Wine Information Providing



Genuine Whiskey Checking



Secure Taxi Service



Bus Information Providing

## Use cases in consumer market

### ■ QR Code on mobile phone LCD

Mobile QR Code

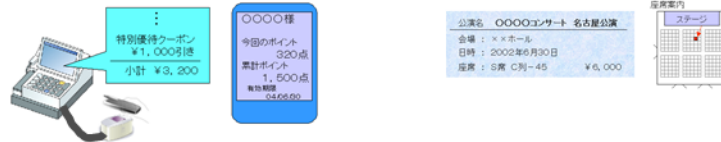


### ■ QR Code reading by mobile phone



Service available for some NTTdocomo or SoftBank terminals

### Member card/coupon Electronic ticket



Electronic payment



### Mail order



### Ads (magazine/poster)



### Sales campaign



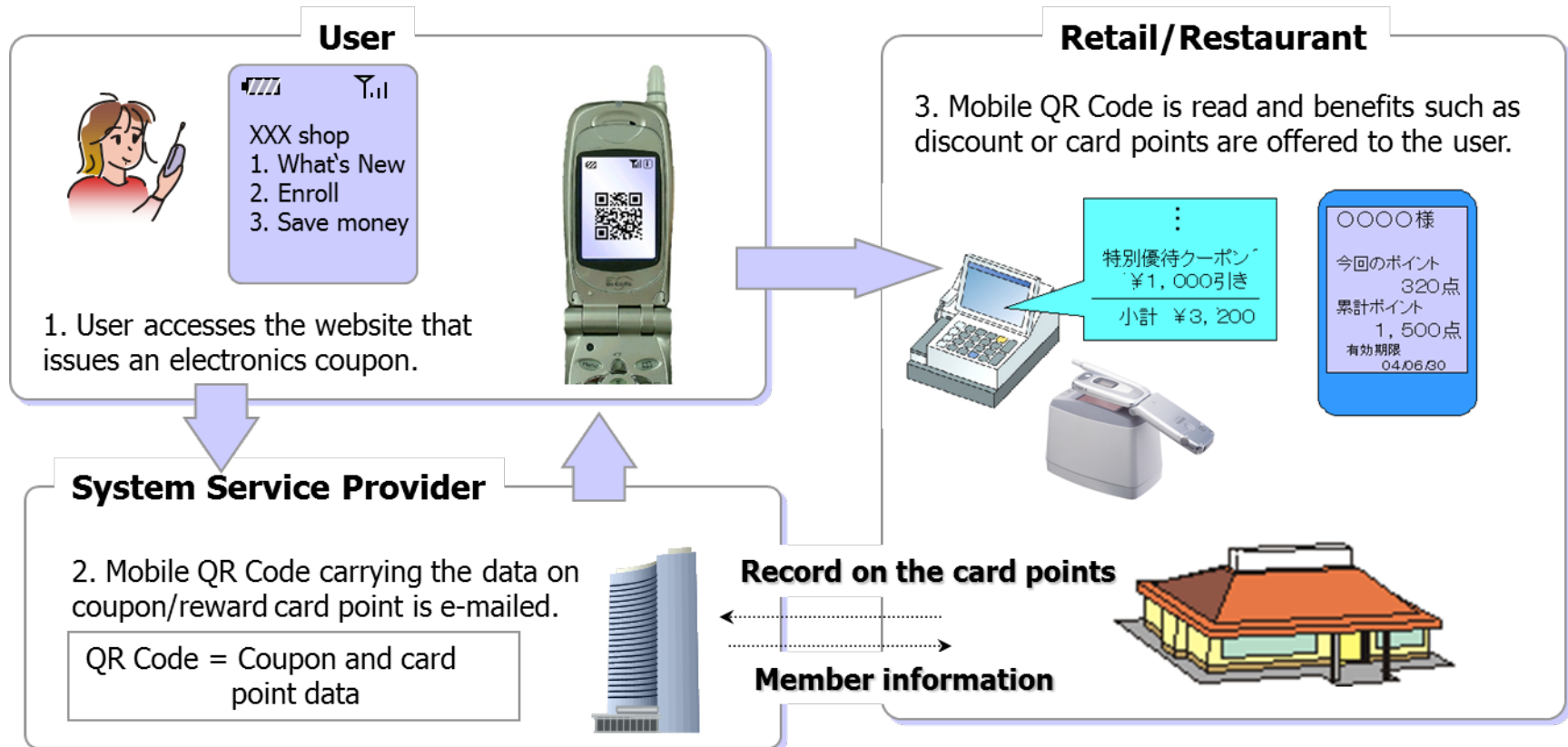
### Business card



# Electronic Coupon

## QR Code displayed on a mobile LCD

### Application: Calculating reward points offered to a member card holder

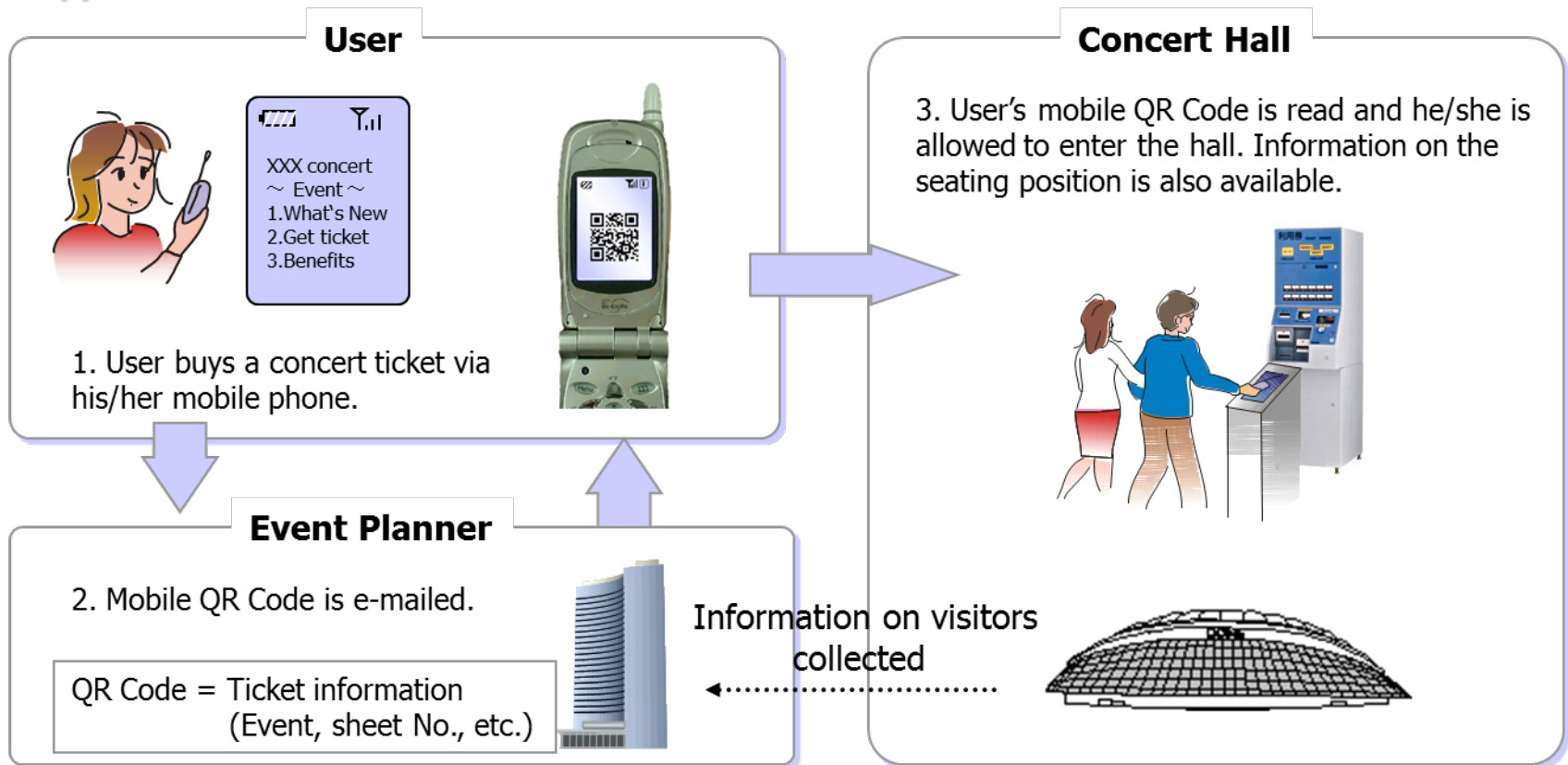


#### <Benefits>

- Can evaluate and operate a marketing and sales promotion.
- Can reduce the cost of issuing member cards and coupons.

## QR Code displayed on a mobile LCD

### Application: Visitor Control at Concert Hall



#### <Benefits>

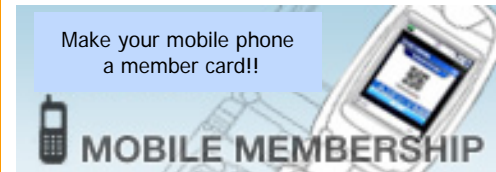
- Can reduce the personnel cost with automated visitor control.
- No need to issue a paper ticket, reducing the paper and postage cost.

# Mobile Membership Service (1)

A new service which offers you various contents via the internet to your mobile telephones is available with Java Application. As well as the ability to check reward points and purchase history, two-dimensional code displayed on your mobile phone can be scanned at point of purchase to show your personal customer data for authentication. It can also be used to calculate reward points. Customers wishing to use the service will receive a biweekly magazine.

## Make your mobile phone a member of The SUIT COMPANY.

If you register with The SUIT COMPANY's mobile membership, your mobile phone will be proof of your membership. Two-dimensional code displayed on your mobile phone offers you the full benefits of our membership service at the store of purchase. Only available to the models that can be connected to the internet. Some models are excluded. (i-mode, SoftBank, EZ web).



MOBILE MEMBERSHIP



# Mobile Membership Service (2)

New mobile terminal type automatic vending machine (Cmode automatic vending machine called "C-mo") is now available, which is equipped with computer, display, speaker, printer and so on. Collaboration with i-mode has made it possible to offer various services to i-mode users, such as cashless shopping, downloading standby screen and ring tone.

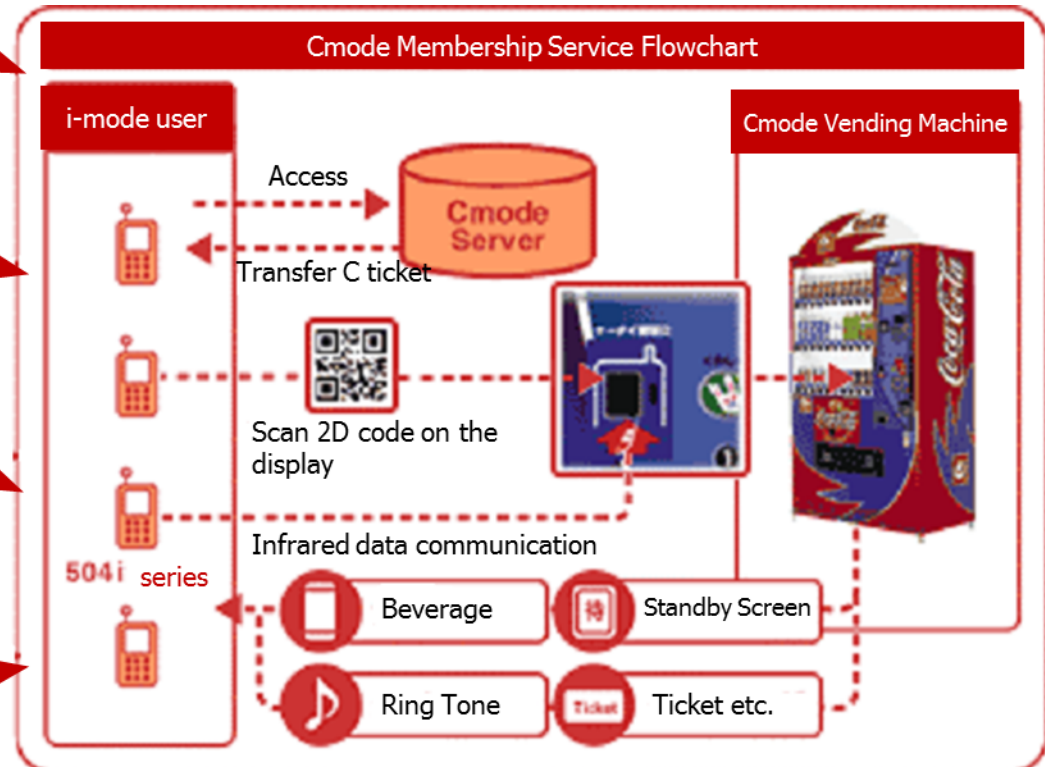


**Ability to purchase coupon and ticket**  
Coupon and ticket can be issued from the printer on Cmode automatic vending machine. Other information is also available.

**Ability to download standby screen and ring tone to mobile phone**  
Favorite standby screen and ring tone can be selected and purchased on Club C-mode.

**Ability to use cashless beverage purchasing**  
Insert cash in C-mode to credit in the specified account on a server for cashless shopping.

**Ability to get reward points**  
Accumulated reward points can be exchanged with beverage or other Cmode service.



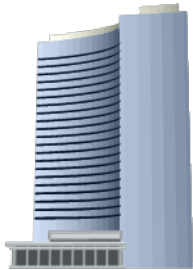
# Mobile Phone Check-In

A new check-in service allows you to purchase a domestic flight ticket of JAL Group with your mobile phone using a QR Code showing your ID for authentication, which is e-mailed after you have made a reservation via phone or Internet. Once payment was settled, you will get a checked ticket by reading the QR Code on the phone's LCD screen by the automatic check-in/ticketing TCM machine installed at the airport.

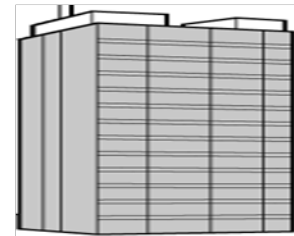


## QR Code displayed on a mobile LCD

**Billing Agent**



**Power/Gas Supplier**



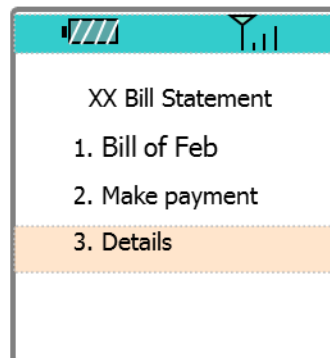
Request delivery



Send a bill statement  
(mobile QR Code) via e-mail



**QR Code e-mailed**



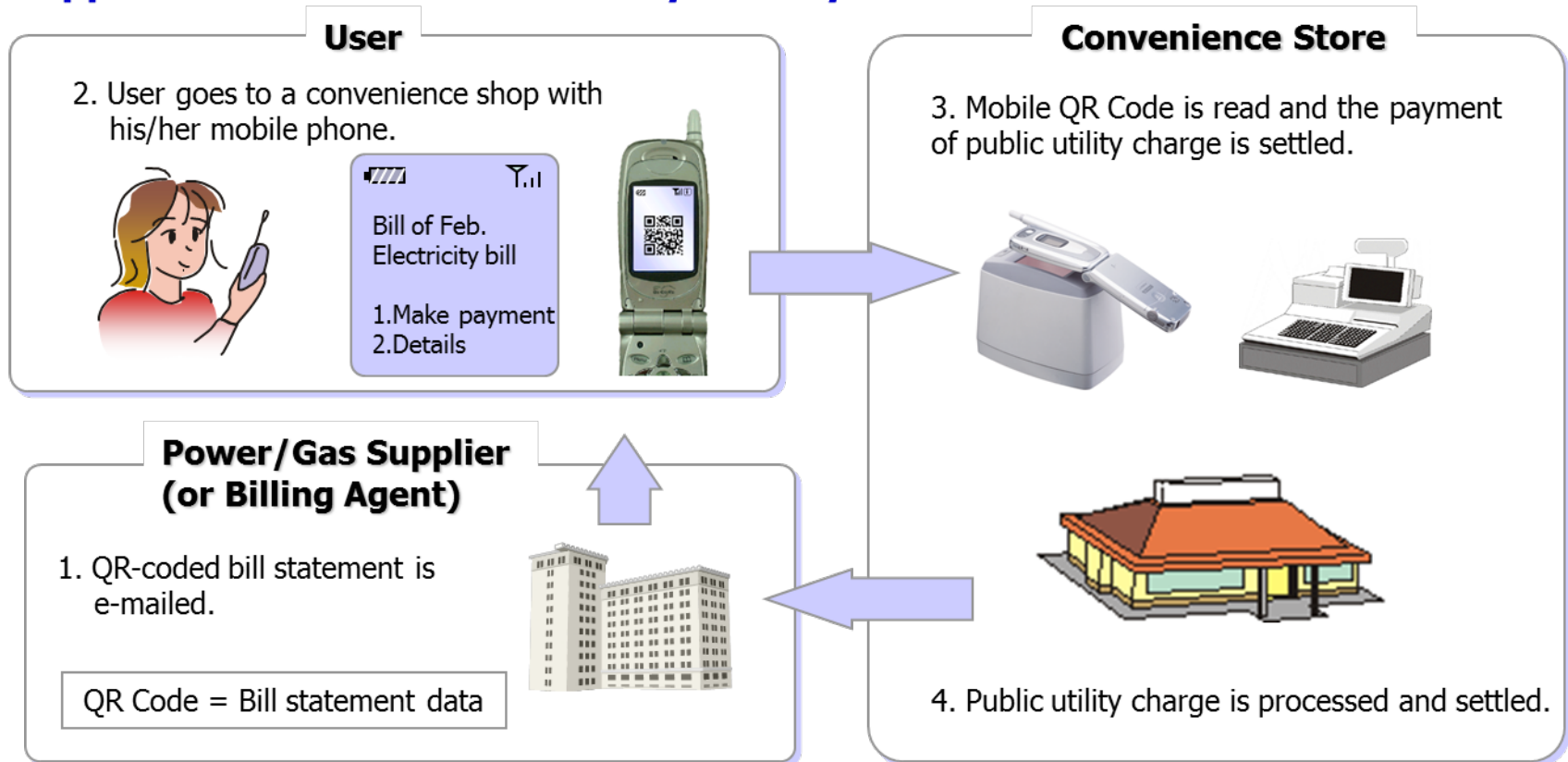
Pay a bill



**Mobile QR Code is scanned to complete the transaction**

## QR Code displayed on a mobile LCD

### ■ Application: On-line Public Utility Bill Payment



#### <Benefits>

- Can reduce the transaction cost by eliminating paper works.
- Bill settlement, including a request for payment, can be simplified.

# Electronic Payment (3)

You can pay your Docomo cell phone bill without a bill statement at a convenient store with the two-dimensional code you have downloaded from the i-mode website.



# *Usage of Mobile QR code*

## Character display functions

Encode the information such as name, date of birth, emergency contact number, blood type, medical history and allergy on QR code, card and QR code pendant. (Mobile phone does not work because the line is busy in times of disaster. )

## Automatically connect to URL

Jump to a designated URL when reading the URL encoding QR Code.

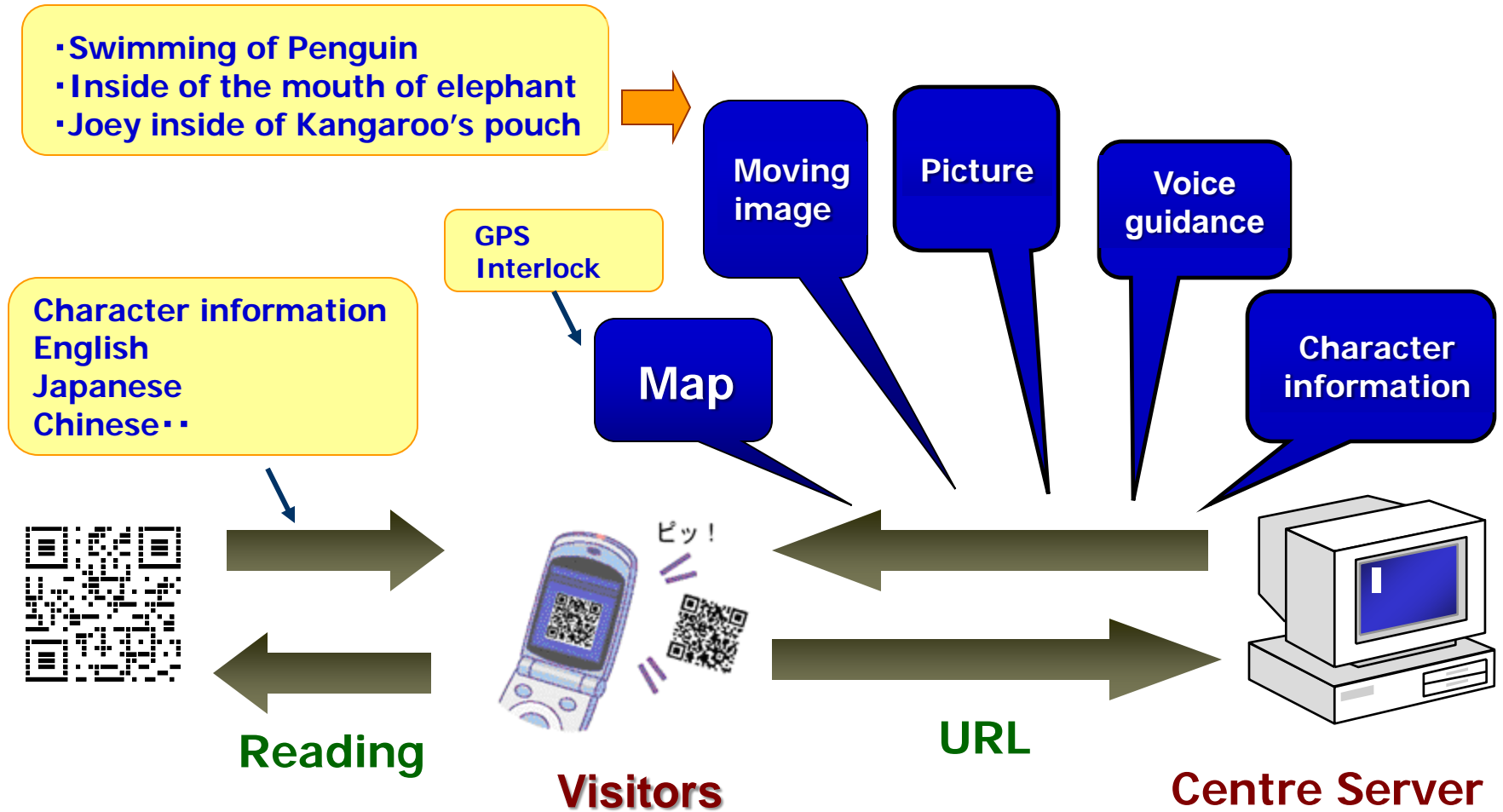
## Telephone book registration facility

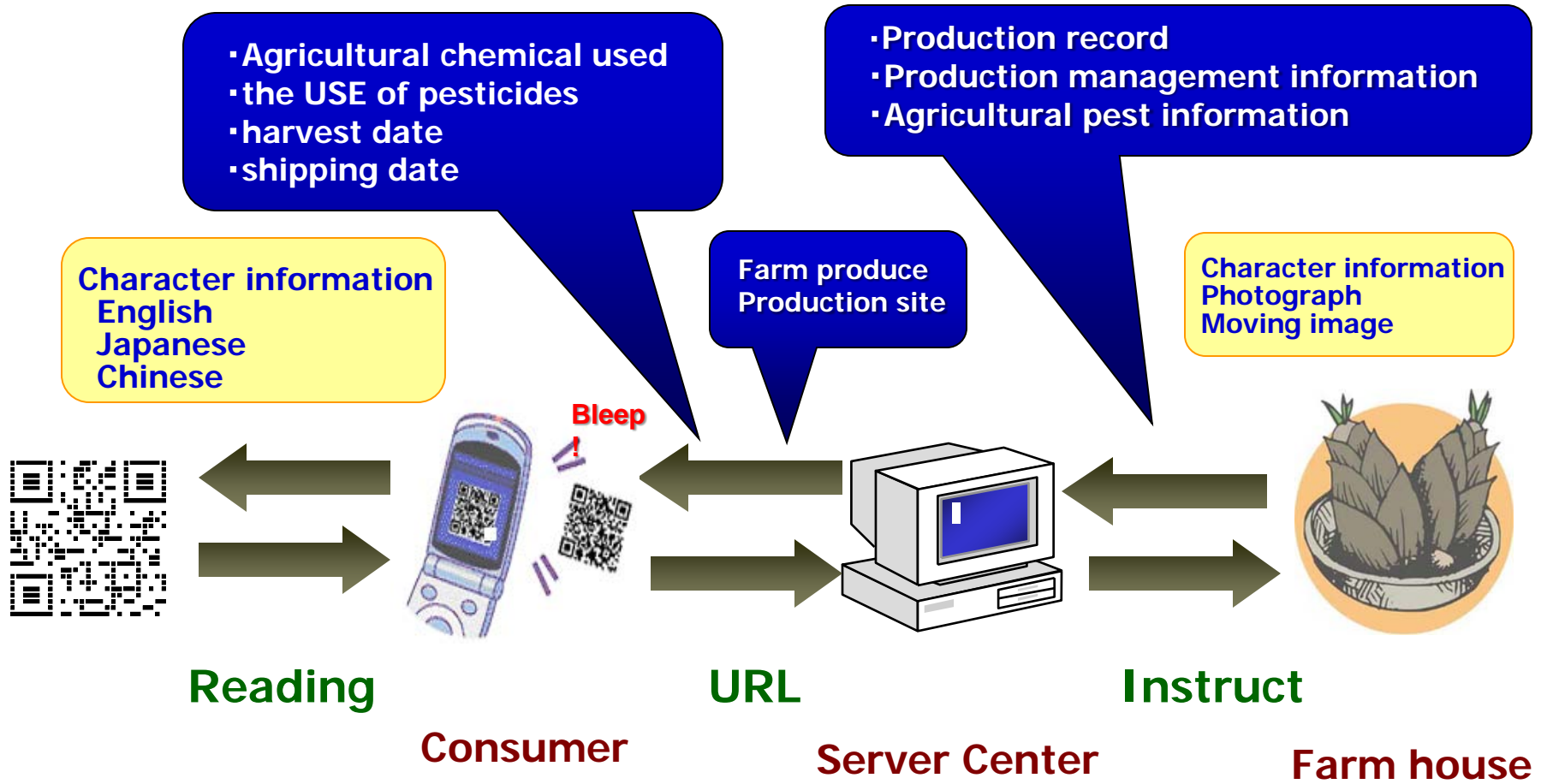
The information can be registered on the phone book when reading the QR Code that are printed on the corner of business card.

# QR Code application

- **Store information, Corporate information, facility information, Exhibition information**  
Zoo, Station, arena, Exhibition site.....
- **Food Traceability**
- **Education support (Meeting, Lecture, Seminar)**
- **Catalog selling**
- **Game**
- **Fortune-telling**
- **Emergency, Disaster**  
Encode the information such as name, date of birth, emergency contact number, blood type, medical history and allergy on QR code, card, QR code pendant. (Mobile phone does not work because the line is busy in times of disaster. )



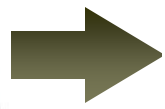




# Support system for Lecture, Meeting, Seminar



Professor  
Teacher



Students

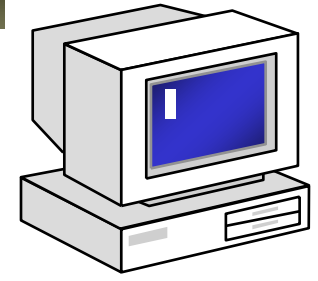


Lecture information

Lecture room information

Registration

Center Server



Request



Confirmation of attendance

Present assignment

Small exam

Web Learning tool

# *Specifications of Mobile QR Code*

# Requirements of QR Code implementation

## 1. Mobile WEB network service

*A full line of QR Code applications are available with mobile WEB network service.*

## 2. Camera function

2-1. Close-up mode

2-2. Auto-focus

2-3. Optical zooming

2-4. Camera shake compensation

*Close-up mode offers user-friendly reading/operation.*

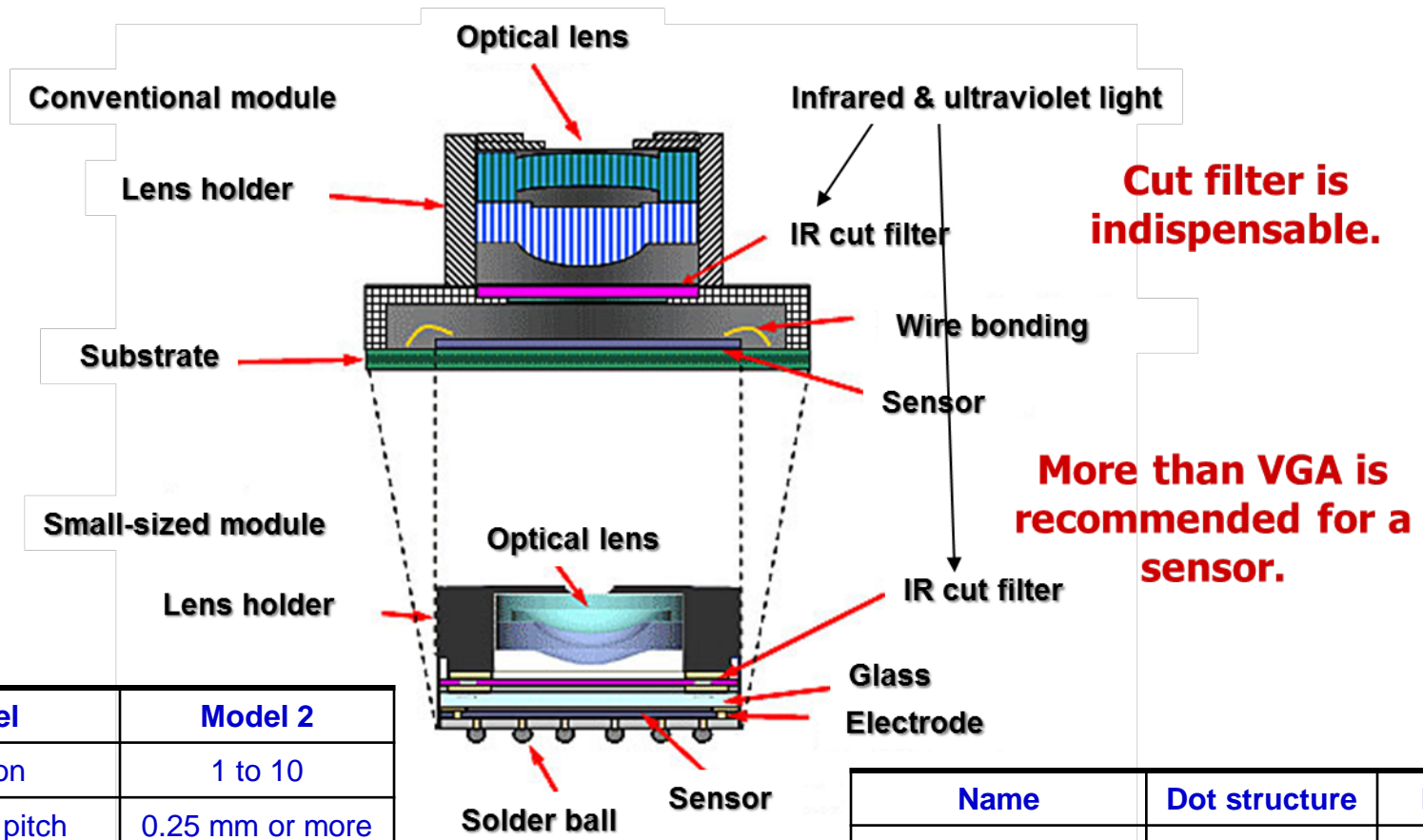
## 3. Camera module

3-1. Lens resolution

3-2. Number of image sensor pixels

## 4. Display




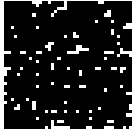
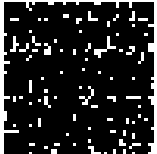
## Resolution of optical lens decides the need of image processing.



<b>Model</b>	<b>Model 2</b>
Version	1 to 10
Min. cell pitch	0.25 mm or more
Error correction	M
Reading direction	360°
Reading distortion	+/- 20°

Name	Dot structure	Pixel
1 million or more	-----	1 million
VGA	640 x 480	310,000
CIF	352 x 288	110,000
QVGA	320 x 240	80,000

# Size and volume of QR Code data (1)

Ver.	Cell	Data bit	Numeric	Alphanumeric	Binary	Kanji	Sample of QR Code
2	25 X 25	224	63	38	26	16	
4	33 X 33	512	149	90	62	38	
6	41 X 41	864	255	154	106	65	
8	49 X 49	1232	365	221	152	93	
10	57 X 57	1728	513	311	213	131	

# Size and volume of QR Code data (2)

Version	Cell	ECC Level	Data bits	Numeric	Alphanumeric	Binary	Kanji
1	21x21	L	152	41	25	17	10
		M	128	34	20	14	8
		Q	104	27	16	11	7
		H	72	17	10	7	4
2	25x25	L	272	77	47	32	20
		M	224	63	38	26	16
		Q	176	48	29	20	12
		H	128	34	20	14	8
3	29x29	L	440	127	77	53	32
		M	352	101	61	42	26
		Q	272	77	47	32	20
		H	208	58	35	24	15
4	33x33	L	640	187	114	78	48
		M	512	149	90	62	38
		Q	384	111	67	46	28
		H	288	82	50	34	21
5	37x37	L	864	255	154	106	65
		M	688	202	122	84	52
		Q	496	144	87	60	37
		H	368	106	64	44	27
6	41x41	L	1,088	322	195	134	82
		M	864	255	154	106	65
		Q	608	178	108	74	45
		H	480	139	84	58	36
7	45x45	L	1,248	370	224	154	95
		M	992	293	178	122	75
		Q	704	207	125	86	53
		H	528	154	93	64	39
8	49x49	L	1,552	461	279	192	118
		M	1,232	365	221	152	93
		Q	880	259	157	106	66
		H	688	202	122	84	52
9	53x53	L	1,856	552	335	230	141
		M	1,456	432	262	180	111
		Q	1,056	312	189	130	80
		H	800	235	143	98	60
10	57x57	L	2,192	652	395	271	167
		M	1,728	513	311	213	131
		Q	1,232	364	221	151	93
		H	976	288	174	119	74



Targeted handsets: NOKIA3230, NOKIA6600, NOKIA6680, NOKIA7610, A5506T(KDDI), N900i(NTT DoCoMo)

Condition: This is a testing if QR codes printed on papers can be decoded when they are scanned with the above handsets without zoom-macro lens(close-up lens) .

## RESULTS

➤ There are big differences in the decoding ratio depending on the camera performance of handsets. In the case that the cell size of QR codes is more than 0.9 and its version is 1 or later, all handsets can decode them. (QR code whose cell size is 0.9mm and version 5 can't be decoded with NOKIA3230.)

➤ N900i (without zoom-macro lens) can take images of QR codes from almost the same distance as when using close-up lens. If the cell size of QR codes is more than 0.6, it can decode them.

➤ There are big difference in the fair distance for decoding (the distance of a targeted QR code to a camera) of cameras if handsets don't have zoom-macro lens.

### Fair distance for decoding

NOKIA3230	: about 10cm	NOKIA6600	: about 10cm
NOKIA6680	: about 10cm	NOKIA7610	: about 8cm
A5506T	: about 20cm	N900i	: about 4cm







Cell size	Version	The numbers of cell	size on a side	Data Volume (alphanumeric character)	NOKIA 3230	NOKIA 6600	NOKIA 6680	NOKIA 7610	A5506T	N900i
0.5	1	21X21	14.5mm	20	×	×	×	×	×	×
	3	29X29	18.5mm	63	×	×	×	×	×	×
	5	37X37	22.5mm	123	×	×	×	×	×	×
0.6	1	21X21	17.4mm	20	×	×	×	×	×	○
	3	29X29	22.2mm	63	×	×	×	×	×	○
	5	37X37	27.0mm	123	×	×	×	×	×	○
0.7	1	21X21	20.3mm	20	×	×	×	×	×	○
	3	29X29	25.9mm	63	×	△	×	○	○	○
	5	37X37	31.5mm	123	×	△	×	○	○	○
0.8	1	21X21	23.2mm	20	×	○	×	○	○	○
	3	29X29	29.6mm	63	×	○	×	○	○	○
	5	37X37	36.0mm	123	×	○	×	○	○	○
0.9	1	21X21	26.1mm	20	○	○	○	○	○	○
	3	29X29	33.3mm	63	○	○	○	○	○	○
	5	37X37	40.5mm	123	×	○	○	○	○	○
1.0	1	21X21	29.0mm	20	○	○	○	○	○	○
	3	29X29	37.0mm	63	○	○	○	○	○	○
	5	37X37	45.0mm	123	○	○	○	○	○	○

- "Cell size" is indicated in millimeters







- "Size on a side" refers the size per one side. It includes a margin of 4 cells on the left, right, top and bottom.

- "Data volume" refers the maximum number of characters that can be contained in a QR code including only alphanumeric characters.







# Decoding test without a macro lens (2)

Cell pitch	Version 1	Version 3	Version 5
0.5mm	 <p>NOKIA 3230:NG NOKIA6800:NG NOKIA 6880:NG NOKIA7610:NG A5506T:NG N900i:NG</p>	 <p>NOKIA 3230:NG NOKIA6800:NG NOKIA 6880:NG NOKIA7610:NG A5506T:NG N900i:NG</p>	 <p>NOKIA 3230:NG NOKIA6800:NG NOKIA 6880:NG NOKIA7610:NG A5506T:NG N900i:NG</p>
0.6mm	 <p>NOKIA 3230:NG NOKIA6800:NG NOKIA 6880:NG NOKIA7610:NG A5506T:NG N900i:OK</p>	 <p>NOKIA 3230:NG NOKIA6800:NG NOKIA 6880:NG NOKIA7610:NG A5506T:NG N900i:OK</p>	 <p>NOKIA 3230:NG NOKIA6800:NG NOKIA 6880:NG NOKIA7610:NG A5506T:NG N900i:OK</p>

# Decoding test without a macro lens (3)

Cell pitch	Version 1	Version 3	Version 5
0.7mm	 <p>NOKIA 3230:NG NOKIA6800:NG NOKIA 6880:NG NOKIA7610:NG A5506T:NG N900i:OK</p>	 <p>NOKIA 3230:NG NOKIA6800:OK NOKIA 6880:NG NOKIA7610:OK A5506T:OK N900i:OK</p>	 <p>NOKIA 3230:NG NOKIA6800:OK NOKIA 6880:NG NOKIA7610:OK A5506T:OK N900i:OK</p>
0.8mm	 <p>NOKIA 3230:NG NOKIA6800:OK NOKIA 6880:NG NOKIA7610:OK A5506T:OK N900i:OK</p>	 <p>NOKIA 3230:NG NOKIA6800:OK NOKIA 6880:NG NOKIA7610:OK A5506T:OK N900i:OK</p>	 <p>NOKIA 3230:NG NOKIA6800:OK NOKIA 6880:NG NOKIA7610:OK A5506T:OK N900i:OK</p>

# Decoding test without a macro lens (4)

Cell pitch	Version 1	Version 3	Version 5
0.9mm	 NOKIA 3230:OK NOKIA6600:OK NOKIA 6680:OK NOKIA7610:OK A5506T:OK N900i:OK	 NOKIA 3230:OK NOKIA6600:OK NOKIA 6680:OK NOKIA7610:OK A5506T:OK N900i:OK	 NOKIA 3230:NG NOKIA6600:OK NOKIA 6680:OK NOKIA7610:OK A5506T:OK N900i:OK
1.0mm	 NOKIA 3230:OK NOKIA6600:OK NOKIA 6680:OK NOKIA7610:OK A5506T:OK N900i:OK	 NOKIA 3230:OK NOKIA6600:OK NOKIA 6680:OK NOKIA7610:OK A5506T:OK N900i:OK	 NOKIA 3230:OK NOKIA6600:OK NOKIA 6680:OK NOKIA7610:OK A5506T:OK N900i:OK

Backlight LCD does not affect readability.

Readers produced by Denso Wave can read more than 20 times for 30 seconds, and read more than 40mm in depth.



NM502i, P2102V, D501i, P251iS, D251iS, R692i, F671i, D04, D06, D31DN02, DN03, K03, K04, K05, K06, K51, N03, N04, N05, NW01, P02, P03, P51, PE03II, SA02, SA03, SA04, SA05, SA51, SH52, T04, T06, T07, T08, T09, T51, A1011ST, A1013K, A1014ST, A1101S, A3011SA, A3012CA, A3013T, A3014S, A3015SA, A5301T, A5302CA, A5303H, A5304T, C3001H, C3003P, C301T, C302H, C304SH, C305S, C307K, C308P, C309H, C310T, C313K, C413S, C452CA, TD11, TK03, TK04, TK05, TK12, TK21, TK22, TK23S, TP11, TS02, TS11, TT21, TT22

Recommend 0.33-040 for cell pitch of display. (Crystalline liquid)

*International Standardization  
of Mobile Data Carriers  
ISO/IEC JTC1 SC31 WG6*

# Ubiquitous Layers

## Existing RFID technical standards

- Air interface: ISO/IEC 18000 Series
- Data protocol: ISO/IEC 15961, 15962
- Conformance: ISO/IEC TR18047 Series
- Performance: ISO/IEC 18046 Series
- Unique tag IDs: ISO/IEC 15963

## Existing RFID application standards

- ISO 17363 - 367: RFID for supply chains
- ISO 18185 Series: Electro seals for freight containers
- ISO 10374: Freight container identification
- ISO 11784 & 11785: Animal identification

**Industrial use**

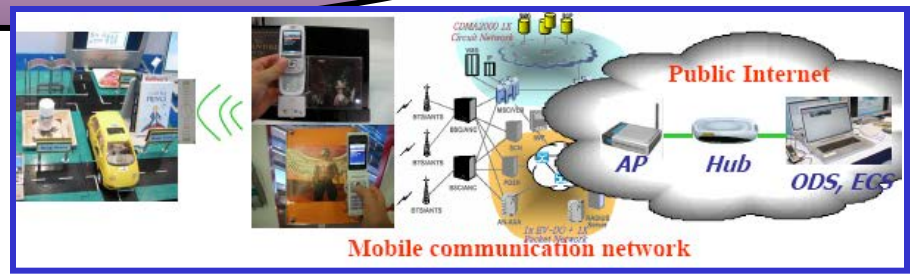
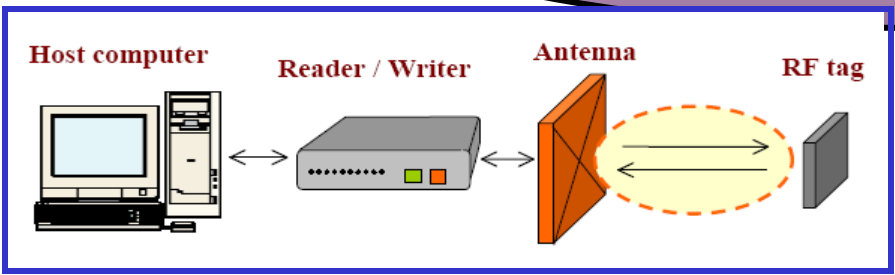
Mobile RFID technical standards

Mobile RFID application standards

Sensor network

**Mobile RFID is expanding to consumer markets**

Ubiquitous network



RFID vendors

Industrial users

Consumers

Mobile carriers

# National Activities on Mobile RFID

## ■ Korea

- Feb.2005: Established Mobile RFID Forum  
*(Over 300 engineers from 63 entities participated)*
- Jun.2006: Developed 18000 6C-compliant mobile reader/writer
- Oct.2006: Launched first pilot test  
*Products conforming to different mobile standards now under development*
- Dec.2006: Completed 50 standards & technical reports

## ■ U.S.A.

- Proposed mobile RFID supporting various AIDC technologies against the Korean-proposed RFID.
- Jointly promoted mobile RFID with Korea.

## ■ Progress & schedule of SC31 global meetings

- Jan.2007: Made presentation at SC31/WG4/SG3 meeting
- Mar.2007: Made presentation at SC31/WG4 meeting  
*Discussion to set up Mobile RFID's WG started*
- Jun.2007: SC31 General Meeting accepted the establishment of Mobile RFID Ad hoc meeting**
- Oct.2007: Held 1st Ad hoc meeting (Seoul, Korea)

Proposed ITU-T, JTC1/SC6 and SC31 a standardization of mobile RFID

## ■ Japan

- Currently offers a variety of information services using QR Code with mobile phone.
- Conducted a METI-led pilot test on mobile-embedded RF reader/writer (for books) in 2005.
- KDDI released an RF reader/writer built in mobile phone in 2006.
- NTT docomo demonstrated a payment system using mobile-embedded RF reader/writer for METI-led pilot test in Feb. 2007.

## ■ SC31 National Committee

- Aug.2007: Setup an Ad Hoc committee
- Sep.2007: 1st and subsequent several meetings (discussed Japan's opinion)

**Japan's opinion reflected**



# Mobile RFID Proposed by Korea

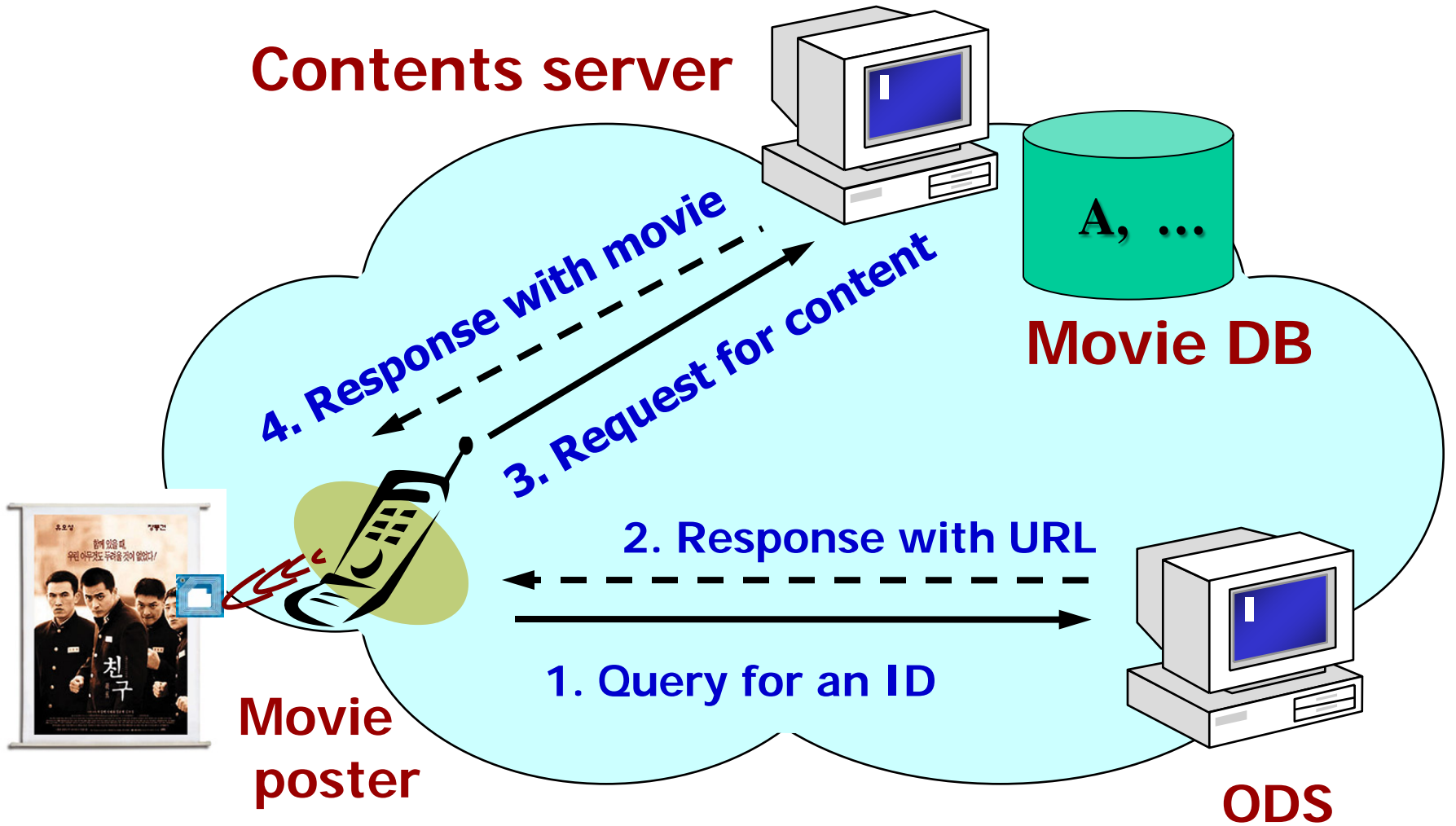
◆ New Proposal on mobile RFID on Aug. 17, 2007 (ballot by Nov. 22, 2007)

**Title:** Information technology - Automatic identification and data capture techniques - Air interface specification for Mobile RFID interrogator

## Scope (and field of application)

Mobile RFID is a kind of RFID technology combined with mobile communication. Therefore, a Mobile RFID terminal device which has RFID reader functions embedded in a mobile phone, accesses RFID tags as the existing RFID interrogators.

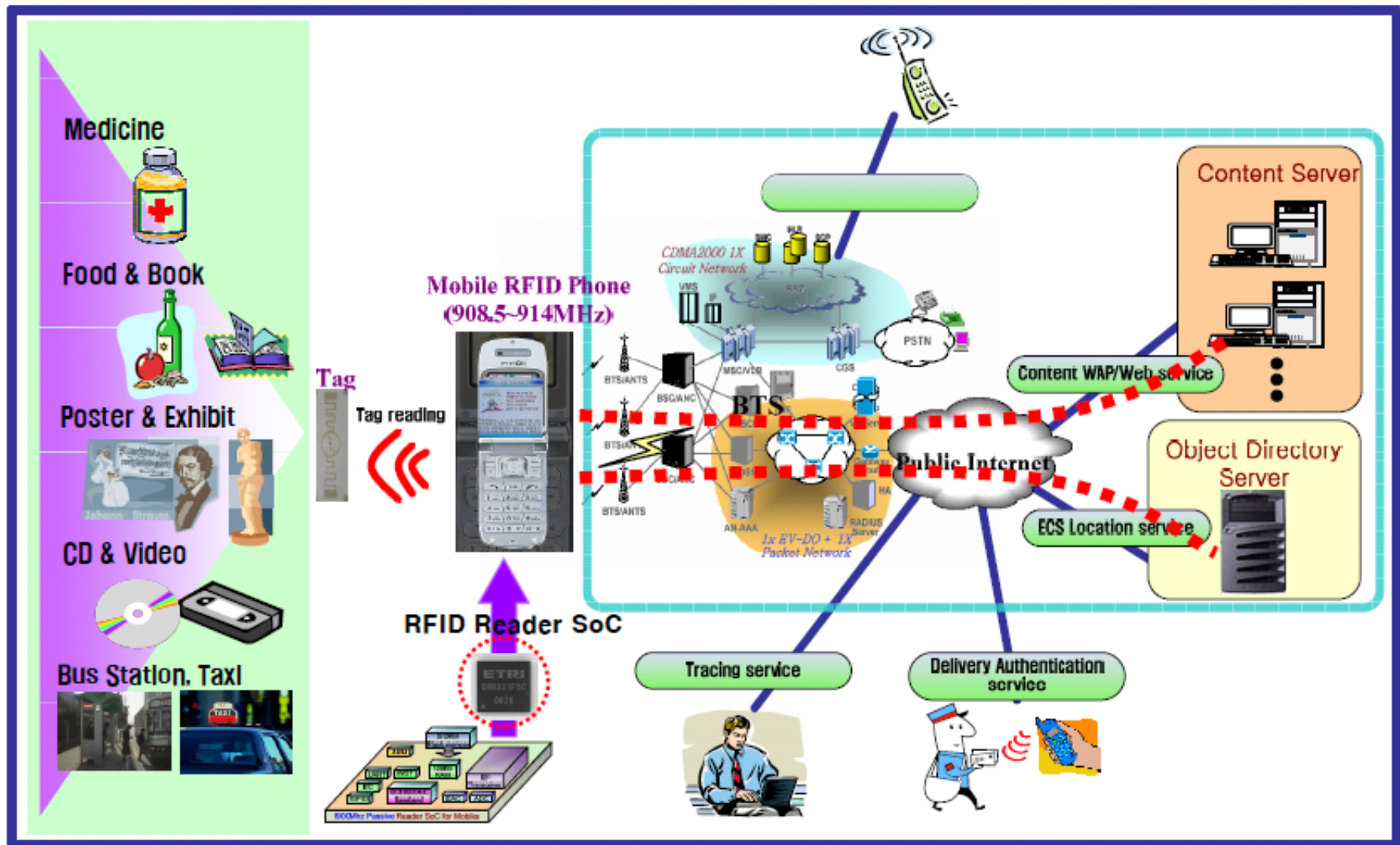
It, however, has particular characteristics, e.g. limited electric power, limited processing capability, and unpredictable interferences caused by many users in an area. In particular, there should be a high possibility of collision among multiple mobile RFID interrogators. Therefore, this work item covers the air interface for Mobile RFID interrogators. This work item is not going to develop any new air interface solely for Mobile RFID terminal device, but to arrange the air interface features of the ISO/IEC 18000-6C for Mobile RFID, for example, limiting the maximum EIRP and alleviating the spectrum mask. This work item shall specify the transmitting and receiving parameters for UHF (860-960 MHz) air interface for Mobile RFID interrogators, which include data rates, modulation/demodulation format, data encoding/decoding, spectrum mask, and commands. This work item may include basic requirements and technical norms for air-interface physical specifications for a Mobile RFID. Analysis and guidelines for Mobile RFID environment will be informed in this work item including channel spacing, channel access schemes. This work item is required to facilitate the interoperability of multiple Mobile RFID interrogators. Also, this work item provides informative contents about a reference design specification for implementing Mobile RFID interrogators.



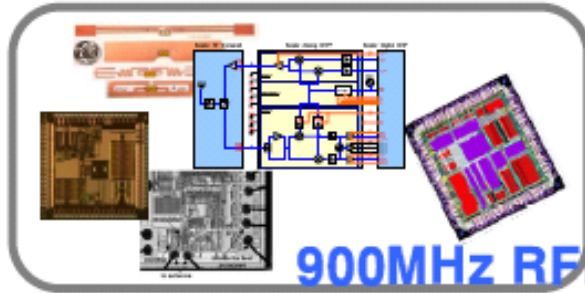
# Mobil RFID service reference model

## Task Definition:

The ad hoc group on *Mobile item identification and management in support of consumer applications* shall coordinate those work items assigned by the SC 31 secretariat with regard to new standardization activities in the field of mobile item identification and management in support of consumer applications providing item identification management web services through **use of portable consumer devices, by embedding mobile RFID interrogators and optically readable media (ORM) readers into portable consumer devices** and providing standards for interoperability of ubiquitous sensor networks.

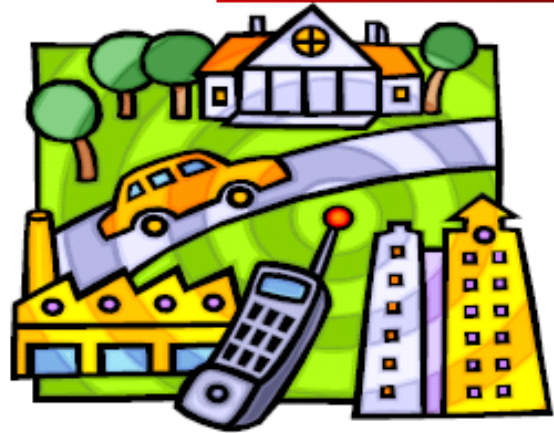


# Mobile RFID Applications Proposed by Korea

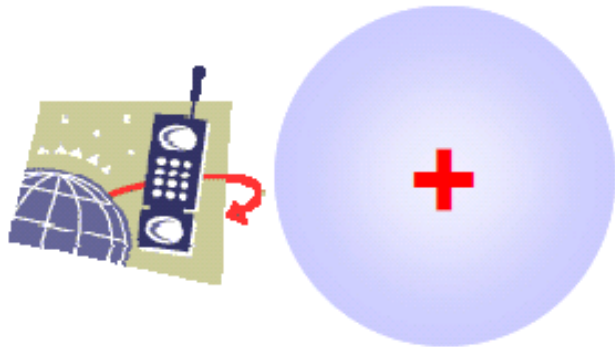


UHF band  
as most popular RFID

Longer and adjustable  
cover range



*Ubiquitous terminal device  
(u-device)*



Convergence and  
easy implementation

# Mobile RFID Applications Suggested by Korea 38



Food Tracing Information



Movie Information Providing



Wine Information Providing



Genuine Whiskey Checking

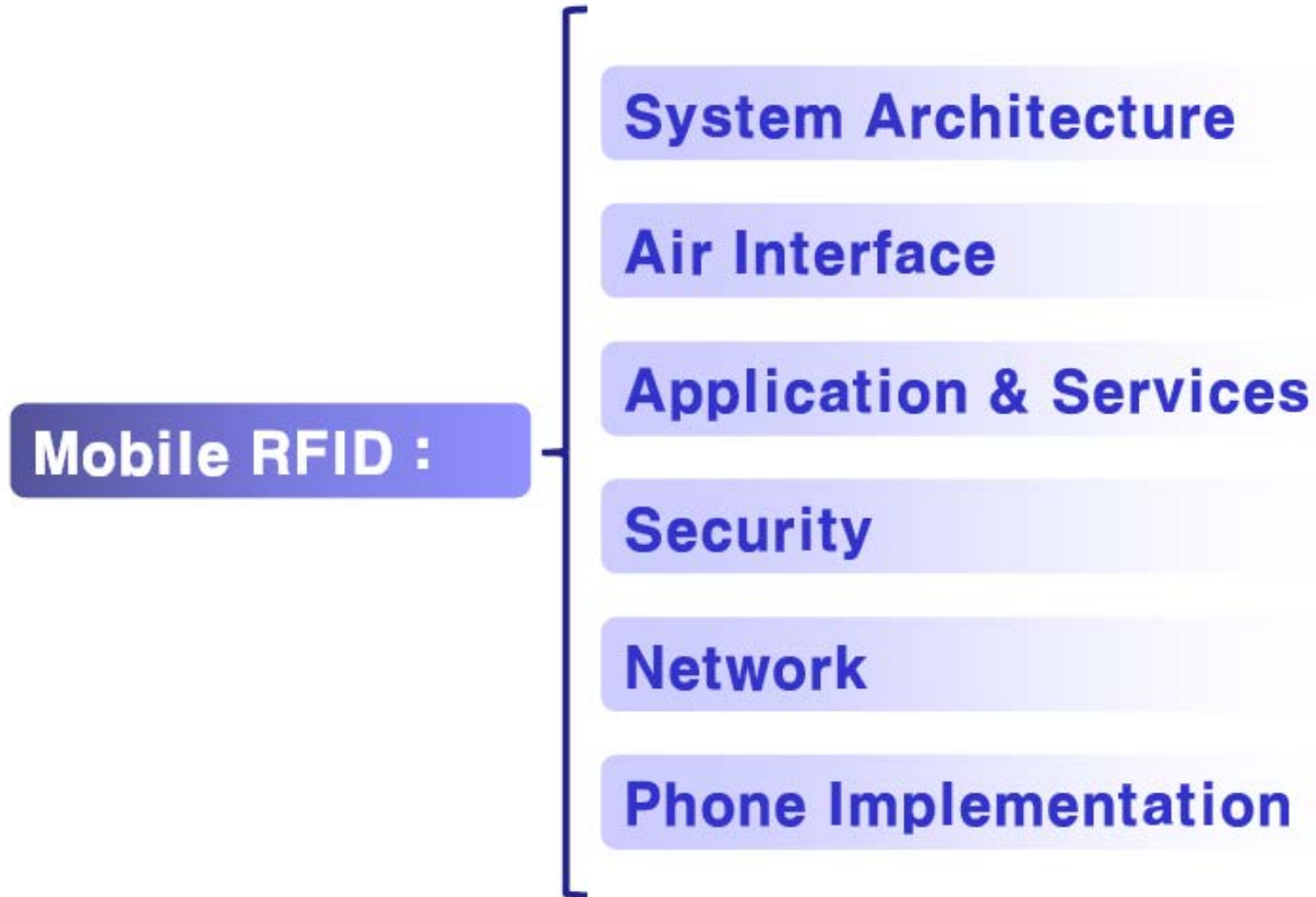


Secure Taxi Service



Bus Information Providing

# *Mobile RFID Standardization Proposed by Korea*



**RESOLUTIONS OF THE THIRTEENTH ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 31 PLENARY**  
**Centurion Lake Hotel, Pretoria, South Africa**  
**8 June 2007**

**Creation of ad hoc group under JTC 1/SC 31 on Mobile RFID**

**Resolution 11:** ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 31 approves the creation of an ad hoc group to coordinate the way forward with regard to new standardization activities in the field of Mobile RFID.

***Unanimous***

**Creation of ad hoc group under JTC 1/SC 31 on Mobile Item Identification and Management in Support of Consumer Applications**

**Resolution 12:** Per resolution 11 ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 31 resolves to create an ad hoc group, reporting directly to the JTC 1/SC 31 Chairman, called "Mobile item identification and management in support of consumer applications" to coordinate the way forward with regard to new standardization activities in the field of mobile item identification and management in support of consumer applications. Reference SC031-N-2305 (SC031-N-2305 - MobileItem\_IDandMgmt.doc).

***Unanimous***

**Results of discussion were reported in the June 2008 general meeting.**



# *Mobile RFID Ad Hoc Group Meeting*

**Date:** 30, October 9:00 - 17:30  
31, October 9:00 - 16:30  
**Location:** Renaissance Seoul Hotel  
**Participants:** Approx. 45

**National Bodies:**  
Korea, Japan, USA,  
Germany, Austria,  
China, Russia,  
Netherlands &  
Sweden



# Mobile RFID Ad Hoc Group Meeting Agenda (1) 42

- |    |   |                           |
|----|---|---------------------------|
| 1. | Opening of the Meeting  | Mr. Craig K. Harmon       |
| 2. | Welcome by the Host   | Representative from Korea |
| 3. | Roll Call of Participants   | Mr. Se Won Oh             |
| 4. | Remarks by Chairman   | Mr. Craig K. Harmon       |
|    | 4.1 Comments from ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 31   | Mr. Craig K. Harmon       |
|    | 4.2 Appointment of Drafting Committee   | Mr. Craig K. Harmon       |
| 5. | Adoption of Agenda  | Mr. Craig K. Harmon       |
| 6. | Review of Terms of Reference  | 31n2305                   |
| 7. | Presentations from member bodies  |                           |
|    | 7.1 Korean view on Mobile RFID  |                           |
|    | 7.2 <b>Japanese view on Mobile ORM</b>  |                           |
|    | 7.3 IEEE view on Sensors  |                           |
| 8. | Provisional areas of work (prospects, trends, and analysis on MIIM, mobile RFID service cases, mobile ORM service cases, pilot projects and technology analysis.) |                           |
|    | 8.1 Common Services for AIDC technologies and Mobile Telephony to deliver web content   |                           |
|    | 8.2 RFID and Mobile Telephony to deliver web content  |                           |
|    | 8.3 Optically Readable Media and Mobile Telephony to deliver web content  |                           |
|    | 8.4 Sensors and Sensor Networks   |                           |
| 9. | Review and schedule for New Work Items assigned by the SC 31 Secretariat  |                           |
- (The rest is omitted)



Craig K. Harmon

1. Review of Terms of Reference
2. Presentations from member bodies
  - > Korean view on Mobile RFID
  - > **Japanese view on Mobile ORM**
  - > Sweden view on Mobile RFID
- Provisional areas of work (prospects, trends, and analysis on MIIM, mobile RFID service cases, mobile ORM service cases, pilot projects and technology analysis.
  - 1.1.1. Mobile RFID in Europe
  - 1.1.2. Air Interface protocol for Mobile RFID
  - 1.1.3. Data Interface between phone and interrogator for Mobile RFID
  - 1.1.4. Mobile RFID application interface for Mobile RFID services
  - 1.1.5. RFID ODS(object directory service) for Mobile RFID services
  - 1.1.6. ID scheme and encoding format for Mobile RFID services
  - 1.1.7. Multiple ID resolution service for Mobile RFID services
  - 1.1.8. Service broker for Mobile RFID services
  - 1.1.9. Application data format for Mobile RFID services
  - 1.1.10. Security and privacy protection for Mobile RFID services
  - 1.1.11. Conformance and Test standards for Mobile RFID specifications
  - 1.1.12. Mobile ORM and RFID for Consumer Product Safety

規格番号	規格名称
ISO/IEC 29143	Mobile item identification and management <b>Air interface specification for Mobile RFID interrogator</b>
ISO/IEC 29172	Mobile item identification and management <b>Reference architecture for Mobile AIDC services</b>
ISO/IEC 29173	Mobile item identification and management <b>Mobil RFID interrogator device protocol</b>
ISO/IEC 29174	Mobile item identification and management <b>UII scheme and encoding format for Mobile AIDC services</b>
ISO/IEC 29175	Mobile item identification and management <b>Application data structure and encoding format for Mobile AIDC services</b>
ISO/IEC 29176	Mobile item identification and management <b>Consumer privacy protection protocol for Mobile RFID services</b>
ISO/IEC 29177	Mobile item identification and management <b>Object directory service for Mobile AIDC services</b>
ISO/IEC 29178	Mobile item identification and management <b>Service broker for Mobile AIDC services</b>
ISO/IEC 29179	Mobile item identification and management <b>Mobile AIDC application programming interface</b>

## Resolutions

adopted at the 1<sup>st</sup> Meeting of the ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 31 MIIM Ad Hoc  
30-31 October 2007 in Seoul, Korea

### **RESOLUTION 10 – Work Item 8**

The MIIM ad hoc recommends that JTC 1/SC 31 submit the New Work Item proposal contained in MIIMn0052, *Mobile Item Identification and Management (MIIM) - Implementation guidance for Optically Readable Media (ORM) reader*

**— Unanimous**

**Thank you for your attention!**

**AI Consultant  
Akira Shibata**