# International Standardization of Mobile Data Carriers ISO/IEC JTC1 SC31 WG6

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#### **Existing RFID technical standards**

- ·Air interface: ISO/IEC 18000 Series
- **•**Data protocol: ISO/IEC 15961, 15962
- Conformance: ISO/IEC TR18047 Series
- Performance: ISO/IEC 18046 Series
- Unique tag IDs: ISO/IEC 15963

#### **Existing RFID application standards**

- •ISO 17363 367: RFID for supply chains
- •ISO 18185 Series: Electro seals for freight containers
- ISO 10374: Freight container identification
- ISO 11784 & 11785: Animal identification

Industrial use

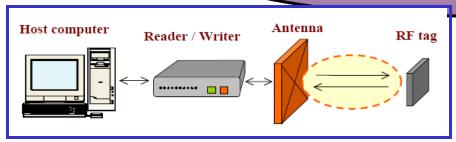
Mobile RFID technical standards

Mobile RFTD application standards

Sensor network

# Mobile RFID is expanding to consumer markets

**Ubiquitous** network





RFID venders

**Industrial users** 

Consumers

**Mobile carriers** 

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#### ■Korea

- Feb.2005: Established Mobile RFID Forum (Over 300 engineers from 63 entities participated)
- Jun.2006: Developed 18000 6C-compliant mobile reader/writer
- Oct.2006: Launched first pilot test

  Products conforming to different mobile standards
  now under development
- Dec.2006: Completed 50 standards & technical reports

#### ■U.S.A.

- Proposed mobile RFID supporting various AIDC technologies against the Korean-proposed RFID.
- Jointly promoted mobile RFID with Korea.

#### ■ Progress & schedule of SC31 global meetings

Jan.2007: Made presentation at SC31/WG4/SG3 meeting

Mar.2007: Made presentation at SC31/WG4 meeting

Discussion to set up Mobile RFID's WG started

Jun.2007: SC31 General Meeting accepted the establishment of Mobile RFID Ad hoc meeting

Oct.2007: Held 1st Ad hoc meeting (Seoul, Korea)

Proposed ITU-T, JTC1/SC6 and SC31 a standardization of mobile RFID

#### **■**Japan

- Currently offers a variety of information services using QR Code with mobile phone.
- Conducted a METI-led pilot test on mobile-embedded RF reader/writer (for books) in 2005.
- •KDDI released an RF reader/writer built in mobile phone in 2006.
- •NTT docomo demonstrated a payment system using mobileembedded RF reader/writer for METI-led pilot test in Feb. 2007.

#### **SC31 National Committee**

- \*Aug.2007: Setup an Ad Hoc committee
- Sep.2007: 1st and subsequent several meetings (discussed Japan's opinion)

#### Japan's opinion reflected

#### Mobile RFID Proposed by Korea

New Proposal on mobile RFID on Aug. 17, 2007 (ballot by Nov. 22, 2007)

Title: Information technology - Automatic identification and data capture techniques - Air interface specification for Mobile RFID interrogator

#### Scope (and field of application)

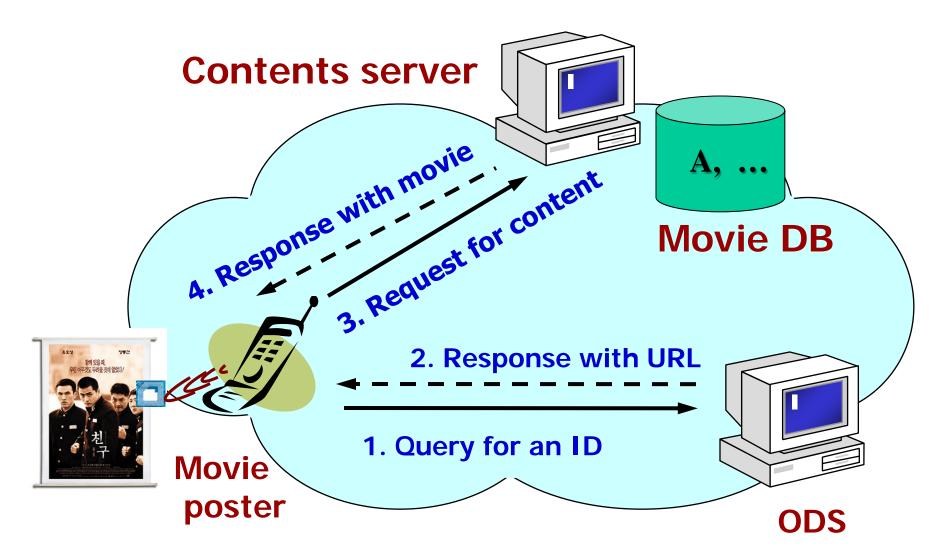
Mobile RFID is a kind of RFID technology combined with mobile communication. Therefore, a Mobile RFID terminal device which has RFID reader functions embedded in a mobile phone, accesses RFID tags as the existing RFID interrogators.

It, however, has particular characteristics, e.g. limited electric power, limited processing capability, and unpredictable interferences caused by many users in an area. In particular, there should be a high possibility of collision among multiple

mobile RFID interrogators Therefore, this work item covers the air interface for Mobile RFID interrogators. This work item is not going to develop any new air interface solely for Mobile RFID terminal device, but to arrange the air interface features of the ISO/IEC 18000-6C for Mobile RFID, for example, limiting the maximum EIRP and alleviating the spectrum mask. This work item shall specify the transmitting and receiving parameters for UHF (860-960 MHz) air interface for Mobile RFID interrogators, which include data rates,

modulation/demodulation format, data encoding/decoding, spectrum mask, and commands. This work item may include basic requirements and technical norms for air-interface physical specifications for a Mobile RFID. Analysis and guidelines for Mobile RFID environment will be informed in this work item including channel spacing, channel access schemes.

This work item is required to facilitate the interoperability of multiple Mobile RFID interrogators. Also, this work item provides informative contents about a reference design specification for implementing Mobile RFID interrogators.

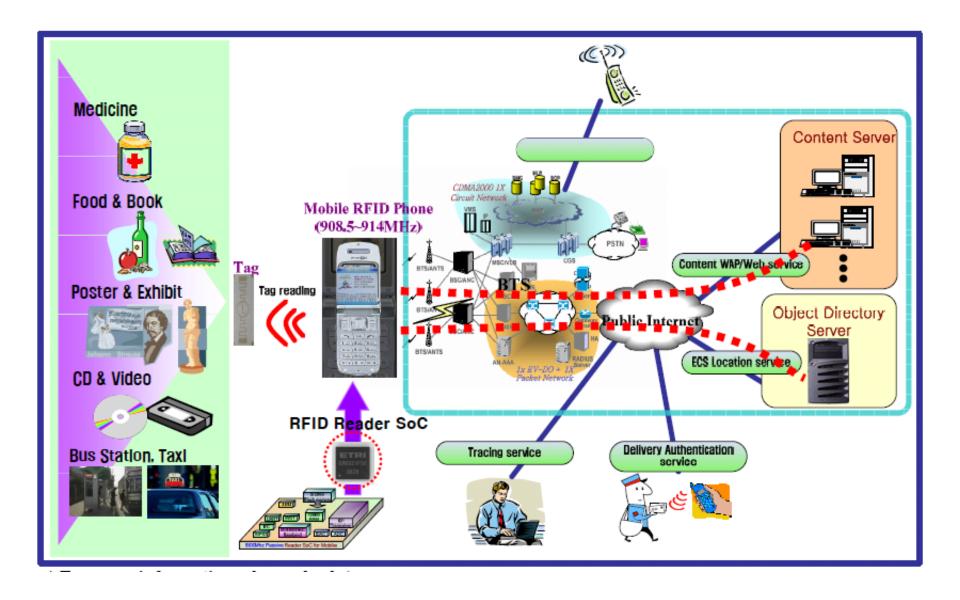


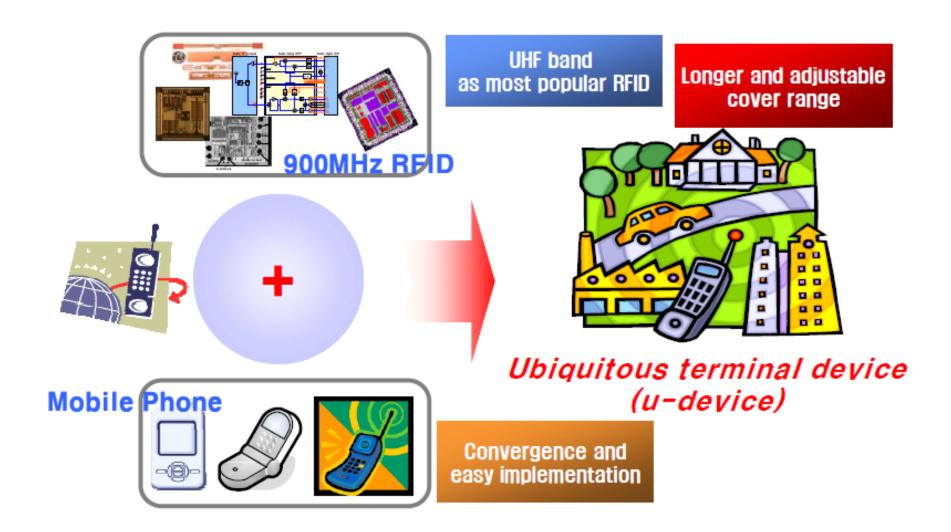
Mobil RFID service reference model

#### **Task Definition:**

The ad hoc group on *Mobile item identification and* management in support of consumer applications shall coordinate those work items assigned by the SC 31 secretariat with regard to new standardization activities in the field of mobile item identification and management in support of consumer applications providing item identification management web services through use of portable consumer devices, by embedding mobile RFID interrogators and optically readable media (ORM) readers into portable consumer devices and providing standards for interoperability of ubiquitous sensor networks.

### Mobile RFID Concept Proposed by Korea







Food Tracing Information



Movie Information Providing



Wine Information Providing



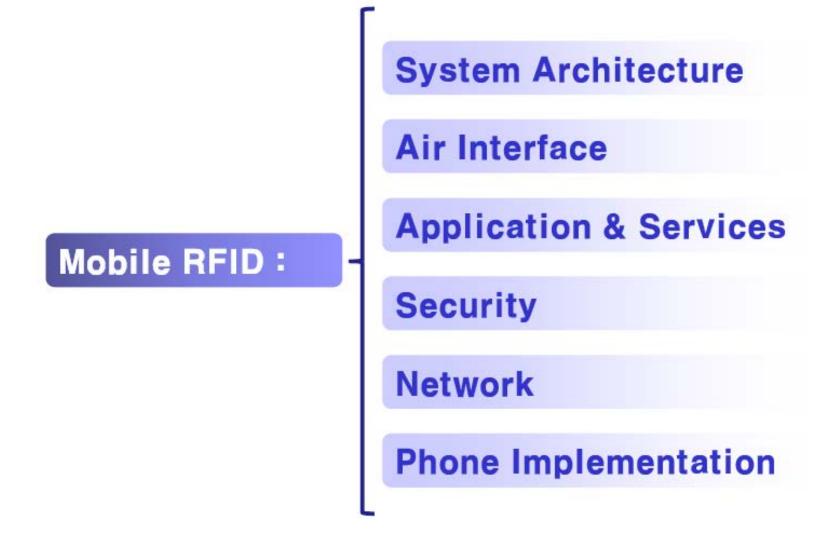
Genuine Whiskey Checking



Secure Taxi Service



**Bus Information Providing** 



# RESOLUTIONS OF THE THIRTEENTH ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 31 PLENARY Centurion Lake Hotel, Pretoria, South Africa 8 June 2007

#### Creation of ad hoc group under JTC 1/SC 31 on Mobile RFID

**Resolution 11:** ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 31 approves the creation of an ad hoc group to coordinate the way forward with regard to new standardization activities in the field of Mobile RFID.

Unanimous

#### Creation of ad hoc group under JTC 1/SC 31 on Mobile Item Identification and Management in Support of Consumer Applications

**Resolution 12:** Per resolution 11 ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 31 resolves to create an ad hoc group, reporting directly to the JTC 1/SC 31 Chairman, called "Mobile item identification and management in support of consumer applications" to coordinate the way forward with regard to new standardization activities in the field of mobile item identification and management in support of consumer applications. Reference SC031-N-2305 (SC031-N-2305 - MobileItem\_IDandMgmnt.doc).

Unanimous

Results of discussion were reported in the June 2008 general meeting.

Date: 30, October 9:00 - 17:30

31, October 9:00 - 16:30

**Location:** Renaissance Seoul Hotel

Participants: Approx. 45

National Bodies: Korea, Japan, USA, Germany, Austria, China, Russia, Netherlands & Sweden



## Mobile RFID Ad Hoc Group Meeting Agenda (1)

1. **Opening of the Meeting** Mr. Craig K. Harmon

Welcome by the Host Representative from Korea 2.

3. **Roll Call of Participants** Mr. Se Won Oh

Remarks by Chairman Mr. Craig K. Harmon 4.

> 4.1 Comments from ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 31 Mr. Craig K. Harmon

> 4.2 Appointment of Drafting Committee Mr. Craig K. Harmon

5. **Adoption of Agenda** Mr. Craig K. Harmon

Review of Terms of Reference 31n2305 6.



Craig K. Harmon

- 7. Presentations from member bodies
  - 7.1 Korean view on Mobile RFID
  - 7.2 Japanese view on Mobile ORM
  - 7.3 IFFF view on Sensors
- 8. Provisional areas of work (prospects, trends, and analysis on MIIM, mobile RFID service cases, mobile ORM service cases, pilot projects and technology analysis.)
  - 8.1 Common Services for AIDC technologies and Mobile Telephony to deliver web content
  - 8.2 RFID and Mobile Telephony to deliver web content
  - 8.3 Optically Readable Media and Mobile Telephony to deliver web content
  - 8.4 Sensors and Sensor Networks
- Review and schedule for New Work Items assigned by the SC 31 Secretariat 9. (The rest is omitted)

# Mobile RFID Ad Hoc Group Meeting Agenda (2)

- Review of Terms of Reference
- Presentations from member bodies
  - > Korean view on Mobile RFID
  - > Japanese view on Mobile ORM
  - > Sweden view on Mobile RFID
- Provisional areas of work (prospects, trends, and analysis on MIIM, mobile RFID service cases, mobile ORM service cases, pilot projects and technology analysis.
  - 1.1.1. Mobile RFID in Europe
  - 1.1.2. Air Interface protocol for Mobile RFID
  - 1.1.3. Data Interface between phone and interrogator for Mobile RFID
  - 1.1.4. Mobile RFID application interface for Mobile RFID services
  - 1.1.5. RFID ODS(object directory service) for Mobile RFID services
  - 1.1.6. ID scheme and encoding format for Mobile RFID services
  - 1.1.7. Multiple ID resolution service for Mobile RFID services
  - 1.1.8. Service broker for Mobile RFID services.
  - 1.1.9. Application data format for Mobile RFID services
  - 1.1.10. Security and privacy protection for Mobile RFID services
  - 1.1.11. Conformance and Test standards for Mobile RFID specifications
  - 1.1.12. Mobile ORM and RFID for Consumer Product Safety

規格番号	規格名称
ISO/IEC 29143	Mobile item identification and management Air interface specification for Mobile RFID interrogator
ISO/IEC 29172	Mobile item identification and management Reference architecture for Mobile AIDC services
ISO/IEC 29173	Mobile item identification and management Mobil RFID interrogator device protocol
ISO/IEC 29174	Mobile item identification and management UII scheme and encoding format for Mobile AIDC services
ISO/IEC 29175	Mobile item identification and management Application data structure and encoding format for Mobile AIDC services
ISO/IEC 29176	Mobile item identification and management Consumer privacy protection protocol for Mobile RFID services
ISO/IEC 29177	Mobile item identification and management Object directory service for Mobile AIDC services
ISO/IEC 29178	Mobile item identification and management Service broker for Mobile AIDC services
ISO/IEC 29179	Mobile item identification and management Mobile AIDC application programming interface

#### **Resolutions**

adopted at the 1<sup>st</sup> Meeting of the ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 31 MIIM Ad Hoc 30-31 October 2007 in Seoul, Korea

#### **RESOLUTION 10 – Work Item 8**

The MIIM ad hoc recommends that JTC 1/SC 31 submit the New Work Item proposal contained in MIIMn0052, Mobile Item Identification and Management (MIIM) - Implementation guidance for Optically Readable Media (ORM) reader

#### — Unanimous

# Thank you for your attention!

Al Consultant Akira Shibata